Phase 1b Clinical Trial of IGV-001 for Patients With Newly Diagnosed Glioblastoma



Andrews DW, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2021;27(7):1912-1922. Clinical Study Report (14379-102), Version 1.0 (15 Sep 2020).

Points of Interest

SAFETY and CLINICAL **IMPROVEMENTS**

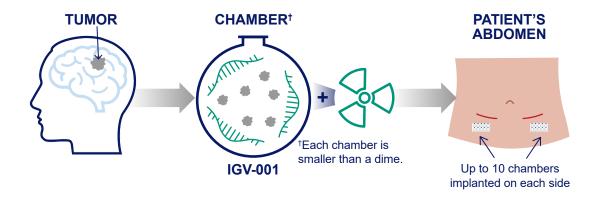
Included in Trial

Adults with newly diagnosed **GLIOBLASTOMA**

Treatment

IGV-001 is a personalized therapy that aims to induce antitumor immunity; it includes the patient's own glioblastoma tumor cells plus a molecule called IMV-001

Tumor cells and IMV-001 were mixed after surgery outside the body in either 10 or 20 SMALL CHAMBERS^a that underwent radiation to prevent the growth of tumor cells. Soon afterwards, the chambers were put into the PATIENT'S ABDOMEN for 24 or 48 hours





Early-stage phase 1b trial in which all patients knew they were receiving IGV-001

23 PATIENTS were initially assigned randomly to receive 1 of 4 different levels of IGV-001 to test the safety of each level

10 MORE PATIENTS received IGV-001 at the highest level (20 chambers for 48 hours)

Patients who had the highest level of IGV-001 also had good clinical improvements with only mild or not life-threatening AEs*





SOC

After treatment with IGV-001, patients went on to standard treatment (or SOC)* with RADIATION AND

TEMOZOLOMIDE (an FDA*-approved treatment for glioblastoma)



IGV-001 was generally well tolerated, without immune-related adverse events typical of other immunotherapies



15% OF PATIENTS

had mild or not life-threatening AEs related to the cut in the abdomen where the chambers were placed. These AEs were addressed with standard medical management



9% OF PATIENTS

had mild or not life-threatening AEs that may have been caused by IGV-001. These AEs were addressed with observation or standard medical management





Patients who received IGV-001 at the highest level lived on **AVERAGE 10.6 MONTHS** LONGER without worsening of disease than other patients from past studies who received only LONGER SOC (historical control group)



MONTHS LONGER Patients who received IGV-001 at the highest level lived on AVERAGE 22 MONTHS LONGER

versus the historical control group



Doctors will be testing IGV-001 in a later-stage phase 2b trial

This will compare IGV-001 with placebo in a greater number of patients with glioblastoma (NCT04485949)